Inhalational Bacteriophage and Nanosilver Effectiveness on nCOVID-19: A Case Report

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ABSTRACT

This is a case report of an immunocompromised plus (nCOVID-19) infected elderly Iraqi man in the AL-KARAMA respiratory care unit. Consequently, this man presented on 2/6/2020 following accelerated respiratory deterioration over two days with positive PCR and CT scan confirmation. Ordinarily, SPO₂ 84% at room temp despite the oxygen administration 4 L/min, not intubated. Therefore, the physician staged this case as IIb according to clinical staging for nCOVID-19. Moreover, he had uncontrolled IDDM and right nephrectomy for renal cell carcinoma before three years. Although, the physician applied nCOVID-19 guidelines of the ministry of Health-Iraq for three days but without a response. So, the researchers added an Inhalational Bacteriophage solution to an Inhalational Nanosilver colloid (designated by the authors) alternative after patient consent. Interestingly, there were fast and notable improvements in the patient’s overall health plus relief of the respiratory symptoms. Consequently, a continuous increase in his SPO2 over the next day approaching 97%. Moreover, an improvement in his speaking and walking commencing to discharge well plus a negative PCR. Thus, the Inhalational Bacteriophage and Nanosilver are the most beneficial treatment including the prevention of nCOVID-19 complications in all stages.

Keywords:
nCOVID-19, CORONA, Inhalational, Bacteriophage, Nano-silver.

Abbreviations:
IDDM: Insulin Dependent Diabetes Mellitus; ml: Milliliter; PCR: Polymerase Chain Reaction; CT: Computed Tomography.

Introduction

nCOVID-19 is a viral infection that started in Wuhan and produced a universal pandemic outbreak all over the world countries [1]. Generally, Bacteriophages (phages) denotes viruses that replicate and infect the pathogenic bacteria. Therefore, phages consist of special proteins that capture an RNA or DNA genome [2]. Moreover, Nanosilver has a unique killing effect on viruses, bacteria, and fungi [3]. Nanosilver restrains a pathogenic organism’s expression of the protein capable of reproduction [4]. So, Nano-silver represses the viruses that responsible for respiratory infections particularly at the beginning of the respiratory symptoms [5]. Therefore, many researchers from the world nations investigated nCOVID-19 for epidemiological, clinical, and therapeutic behaviors [6].

Case Report

An elderly (68 years) immunocompromised Iraqi male presented on 2-6-2020 to AL KARKH respiratory care unit following rapid respiratory deterioration over two sequential days. Accordingly, PCR test was positive plus CT scan verified lung infiltration 50%, SPO₂ 84% on room temp despite oxygen administration on a rate of 4 L/min, but not intubated. Moreover, the initial diagnosis is an nCOVID-19 infection as a Stage IIb, according to the clinical and therapeutic staging scheme for COVID-19 [7]. Although, he had controlled IDDM during the last three years plus a right nephrectomy for renal cell carcinoma three years ago. Accordingly, the physician applied nCOVID-19 guidelines of

Figure 1: Showing chest X-Ray of our patient with bilateral lung infiltrations.
the ministry of Health-Iraq during the last two days but without a response. Ordinarily, the polymerase chain reaction test is positive at admission by using Smart-32 Nucleic Acid Extraction Instrument http://en.daangene.com/. The chest X-Ray of the patient demonstrates a loss of the normal black appearance in the lung plus consolidation opacities (Figure 1).

Furthermore, the CT scan at admission. Figure (2-6)

**Figure 2:** Showing CT scan of our patient with bilateral lung infiltrations.

**Figure 3:** Showing CT scan of our patient with bilateral lung infiltrations.

**Figure 4:** Showing CT scan of our patient with bilateral lung infiltrations.

**Figure 5:** Showing CT scan of our patient with bilateral lung infiltrations.

**Figure 6:** Showing CT scan of our patient with bilateral lung infiltrations.

CT scan at admission: radiological report
1. consolidation of right middle and lower zone ground-glass opacification
2. peripheral distribution of both lobes
3. lung infiltrations more than 50%

nCOVID-19 guidelines of the ministry of Health-Iraq includes:
1. Hydroxychloroquine tab oral 200 mg 1 × 2
2. Azithromycin capsule oral 250 mg 1 × 1
3. Paracetamol tab oral 500 mg 1 × 3
4. Zantac ampule I.V 50 mg 1 × 2
5. Oxygen 4 m/L on need
6. Tamiflu tab oral 75 mg 1 × 2
7. Clexane vial 6000 I.U subcutaneous
8. Antiretroviral Medication - KALETRA® (lopinavir/ritonavir)
   Tab oral 2 × 2
9. Insulin Soluble subcutaneous 1 × 3 according to the reading
10. Ceftriaxone vial 1000 mg/dl I.V 1 × 2

Despite all these drugs, this man suffered more increasing dyspnea and a progressive decrease in SPO₂ plus a high fever (Temperature 39.2º), difficulty in speaking, eating, and walking. But, because of busy ventilators, the physicians not intubated this patient. Furthermore, he had an uncontrolled blood sugar of 17 mmol/L plus deteriorating renal function tests (S. Creatinine 216 Umol/L and Blood Urea 8 Umol/L), S. sodium 138 mmol/L, S. Potassium 4 mmol/L, S. calcium 1.4 mmol/L, S. chloride 98 mmol/L. Differential White blood cells count is in Figure 7-9 beside the ESR 86 mm/hr moreover the ECG returned normal.
The researchers discussed with the patient and his family the new modality of treatment and oral consented to this regimen. Then the researchers supplemented Inhalational delivery Bacteriophage solution every six hours for 48 hours then Nanosilver colloid every eight hours in an intermittent course.

**Discussion**

This is the first case report in the world that described the value of Inhalational Bacteriophage and Nanosilver in a verified case of immunocompromised nCOVID-19 patient. Amazingly, the obvious evidence of improvement is clear by the continuous rise of his SPO$_2$ to 97% over the next 24 hours. Moreover, the vital signs improved by the drop in his pulse rate (85 beats/min) and stabilization of blood pressure (135/87 mmHg), and regular respiratory rate (22/min). Consequently, his temperature decreased in the next four hours on the monitoring chart (temperature 39.2 to 37.8 C). Further, his speaking and walking become better, and then discharged well. So, there were successful and accelerated improvements in his general condition and particularly the respiratory symptoms which mean the healing of this patient. This result is equivalent to the established reports [8]. Furthermore, the polymerase chain reaction test is negative at discharge that indicates nCOVID -19 disappearances. Moreover, there was a drop in the blood sugar levels via venous aspiration from 9 mmol/L to 6 mmol/L, renal function test was high at his admission, (S. Creatinine 216 Umol/L and Blood Urea 8 Umol/L) return to normal, and electrolytes were normal at discharge. Differential White blood cell count returned to normal at discharge. The importance of Differential White blood cell count is to monitor patient cellular response in acute chest and abdominal diseases [9].

After that, the total White blood cell count returned to 7.4 × 109 plus the packed cell volume increased to 33%. Moreover, the liver enzymes and liver functions dropped to normal. Furthermore, the ECG records maintained normal sinus rhythm, non-specific T wave abnormality without abnormalities; QRS: 90 ms, P/QRS/T: 40/-8/9 degrees. So, this man owned real improvement after adding Inhalational bacteriophage to the Nanosilver which is more effective and rapid response than the previous approach (Inhalational Nanosilver only) [10]. The Iraqi peoples rely on oral consent and not familiar with written consent, they consider it as a suspicious paper due to ethnic conflict.

**Conclusions**

Inhalational Bacteriophage and Nanosilver are the best adjuvant therapy and prevent complications from all stages of nCOVID-19. Moreover, Inhalational Bacteriophage and Nanosilver had anti-viral therapeutic benefits against nCOVID-19.

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