

Empowering Diagnostic Labs in Oncology: Benchmarking Biomarker-Driven Therapies

Chen Yeh*

OncoDxRx, Los Angeles, CA, USA.

Correspondence to: Chen Yeh, OncoDxRx LLC, 150 N Santa Anita Ave., Suite 300, Los Angeles, CA 91006, USA.

Received date: August 24, 2024; **Accepted date:** September 2, 2024; **Published date:** September 9, 2024

Citation: Yeh C. Empowering Diagnostic Labs in Oncology: Benchmarking Biomarker-Driven Therapies. *J Med Res Surg.* 2024;5(5):101-103. doi:10.52916/jmrs244146

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ABSTRACT

In the past decade, oncology care has witnessed a transformative shift, significantly propelled by the growing field of precision medicine. This revolution has been catalyzed by a deeper understanding of cancer's underlying biological drivers, unveiling new avenues to combat this multifaceted disease. For instance, the identification and targeting of the EGFR mutations have paved the way for personalized therapies in Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC).

Traditionally, diagnostic labs played a more reserved, albeit crucial, role in the healthcare continuum, primarily focusing on providing diagnostic services. However, as further insights into cancer's molecular intricacies emerge, biomarkers have become central to the endeavor of tailoring treatments to individual patients' genetic and molecular profiles. This rising significance of biomarkers has recalibrated the role of and expectations from diagnostic labs, ushering them into a more proactive and collaborative role in oncology care.

The shift from a one-size-fits-all approach to a more personalized, biomarker-driven therapeutic strategy in oncology has shown promise in enhancing treatment outcomes for patients and streamlining the drug development and approval processes for pharmaceutical industry. As biomarker knowledge expands, the traditional diagnostic lab has transitioned from a vendor of testing services to a strategic partner in drug development and clinical implementation.

Keywords:

Oncology, Precision medicine, Diagnostic labs, Biomarker, Drug development.

Introduction

The dawn of biomarker-driven therapies, often encapsulated under the umbrella of precision medicine, marks a pivotal juncture in oncology. The journey begins with identifying biomarkers-molecular signatures that provide a wealth of information about a specific cancer's genomic make-up. This has the potential to drive therapeutic decisions as well as surveillance and imaging protocols across the cancer continuum. Essentially, biomarkers are the cornerstone of precision medicine. They serve as both the roadmap and compass, guiding the development of novel therapies that can target cancer cells more accurately and with fewer side effects. A notable example is the role of the HER2 biomarker in breast cancer, which has led to the development of targeted therapies like trastuzumab [1].

From a treatment perspective, this matters immensely as it has the potential to significantly enhance the efficacy and durability of cancer treatments. Biomarker-driven therapies can pinpoint the vulnerabilities of cancer cells, enabling a more targeted assault that spares healthy cells, which is a significant departure from the collateral damage often associated with conventional chemotherapy and/or radiation. This level of precision not only holds the promise of better treatment outcomes but also heralds a new era of hope for patients and their families. Furthermore, biomarkers provide a framework for understanding the heterogeneous nature of cancer, which is crucial for developing more effective treatment strategies. They

offer a more granular insight into the molecular underpinnings of each patient's cancer, paving the way for the development of therapies that can target specific cancer subtypes or even individual tumors. Simply put, the evolution of biomarker-driven therapies is more than just a scientific advancement; it's a paradigm shift that positions diagnostic labs at the nexus of translating genomic insights into tangible therapeutic solutions.

The precision oncology evolution also underscores a symbiotic relationship among pharmaceutical companies, diagnostic labs, and healthcare providers, each a component of a larger machinery aimed at accelerating the translation of scientific discoveries into actionable clinical solutions. The core of this alliance is to ensure precision oncology care by providing accurate molecular information in a timely manner to the treating clinician, ensuring best course of treatment for their patients.

This report will delve into the rise of biomarker-driven therapies in oncology, examining how this shift is reshaping the drug and therapy development landscape. We'll explore the evolving role of diagnostic labs as they transition into active partners in these advancements. Through a collaborative lens, we'll discern how precision medicine is impacting not just diagnostic labs and pharmaceutical ventures, but extending its influence to the complete patient care continuum. Our goal is to highlight the collaborative spirit emerging in oncology, shedding light on the promises and challenges that lie ahead.

Changing Dynamics of Drug/Therapy Development

The road to developing new drugs and therapies has historically been long and winding, often marked by high costs, lengthy

trials, and a fair share of uncertainty. However, the foray into biomarker-driven therapies is beginning to alter the traditional narrative, offering a more streamlined and targeted approach to drug development. One of the hallmarks of biomarker-driven therapy development is the potential to significantly reduce the time to approval and increase the chances of success. A prime example of this is the accelerated approval of pembrolizumab, a PD-L1 inhibitor, for tumors with mismatch-repair deficiency irrespective of tissue origin [2]. With a clearer understanding of the molecular targets, developers can design more precise clinical trials, often requiring smaller patient cohorts to demonstrate efficacy and safety. This precision not only accelerates the regulatory approval process but also augments the chances of successful outcomes, making biomarker-driven therapies a more attractive venture for pharmaceutical companies.

Yet, this avenue is not without its considerations. A critical question that arises is whether an appropriate assay exists to identify the relevant biomarker or if a new Companion Diagnostic (CDx) needs to be developed [3]. The availability of an existing assay can expedite the drug development process, while the necessity to develop a new CDx could add an extra layer of complexity and cost. However, this challenge is often surmounted through collaborative efforts among pharmaceutical companies, regulators, and diagnostic labs, fostering a symbiotic relationship that hastens the co-development of both the drug and the companion diagnostic.

The effects of biomarker-driven therapies extend beyond the approval phase into the therapy launch and clinical uptake. The synergy between the therapeutic and diagnostic entities facilitates a smoother transition from the investigational realm to the clinical setting. It ensures that once a therapy is launched, the requisite diagnostic capabilities are already in place, promoting faster clinical adoption and broader dissemination. This integrated approach also empowers healthcare providers with the necessary tools and knowledge to prescribe these advanced therapies, bridging the gap between novel scientific discoveries and real-world clinical applications.

Changing Role of the Diagnostic Lab

As precision medicine continues to gain traction in oncology, the diagnostic lab's role is being redefined from a service provider to a strategic partner. This transition is emblematic of a broader shift towards a more collaborative, integrated approach to cancer care, where diagnostic labs, pharmaceutical companies, and healthcare providers form a triad, each contributing to the collective goal of advancing patient outcomes.

The first hallmark of this transition is the diagnostic lab's early involvement in the drug development process. By being brought into the fold earlier, labs are better positioned to advise on the most suitable clinical trial assay or CDx for the therapy in question. This early engagement facilitates a more streamlined process towards regulatory approval and subsequent clinical uptake. Furthermore, it fosters a conducive environment for the co-development of a companion diagnostic, should one be required. This collaborative endeavor not only enhances the chances of successful therapy development but also expedites the availability of these therapies to patients in need.

In the age of precision medicine, ensuring that new therapies

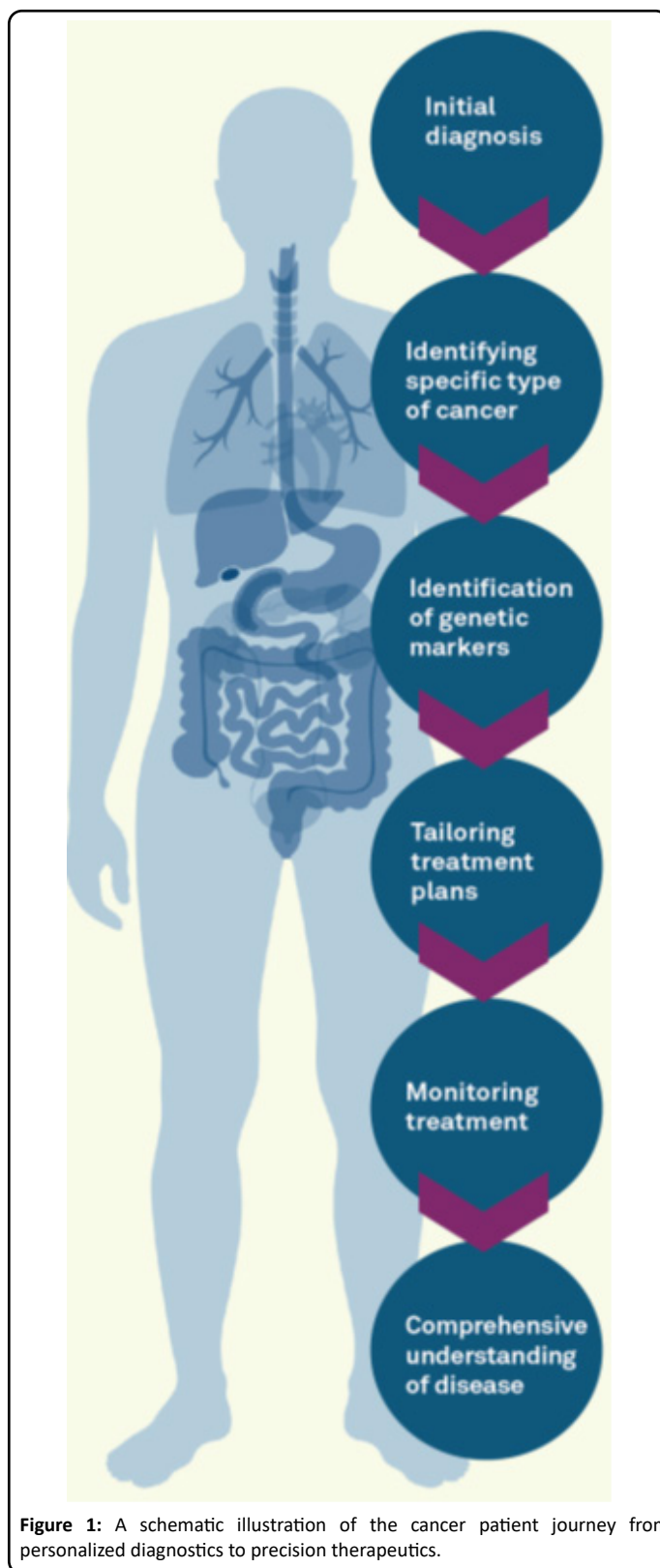


Figure 1: A schematic illustration of the cancer patient journey from personalized diagnostics to precision therapeutics.

are accessible to patients necessitates a parallel focus on diagnostic testing (Figure 1). Precise treatment is predicated on the ability to accurately identify the biomarker(s) associated with the treatment options available. Here, the diagnostic lab plays a pivotal role in ensuring that physicians are equipped with the necessary knowledge and tools to order the correct diagnostic test. This has a ripple effect, streamlining the process from diagnosis to treatment decision-making.

However, the responsibility of diagnostic labs extends beyond just ensuring the correct test is ordered. Given the critical nature of time in cancer care, labs are now also focusing on how to accelerate the dissemination of test results to streamline clinical decision-making. OncoDxRx, for instance, is developing precision pathways and collaborating with pathology groups, and their provider organization clients to streamline the process from diagnosis to therapeutic treatment decisions [4,5]. This proactive approach aims to remove gaps in care by offering a comprehensive molecular testing menu, efficient ordering logistics, and actionable results available to the treating physician on day one with the patient.

Conclusion

Precision medicine is rewriting the narrative of oncology care, fostering a more nuanced, patient-centric approach to combating cancer. As molecular signatures, biomarkers, unlock a deeper understanding of cancer's complex biology. Their emergence has not only propelled the development of targeted therapies but has also brought diagnostic labs to the forefront of this transformative journey, marking a paradigm shift from service provider to strategic partner.

The voyage into biomarker-driven therapies has illuminated a pathway to more streamlined drug development and approval processes. It's a route marked by collaborative efforts between pharmaceutical companies and diagnostic labs, each playing a critical role in accelerating the journey from bench to bedside [6]. This collaborative ethos extends into the clinical realm, ensuring a smoother transition of therapies from regulatory approval to clinical uptake, ultimately bridging the chasm between novel scientific discoveries and real-world clinical applications.

Diagnostic labs, once relegated to the background, are now stepping into the limelight, evolving into strategic partners in both drug development and clinical implementation. Their early involvement in the drug development process, coupled with their critical role in ensuring accurate diagnostic testing, is indispensable in the endeavor to accurately allocate treatment. Moreover, the proactive steps taken by diagnostic labs to expedite the dissemination of test results embody a patient-centric approach, underlining the essence of precision medicine.

Although the road to harnessing the full potential of precision medicine is complex, the strides made thus far paint a hopeful picture. As the collaborative endeavors continue to mature, the horizon of what can be achieved in cancer care through the lens of precision medicine expands, igniting hope for a future where cancer is no longer an insurmountable foe.

Future Perspectives

Precision medicine, with biomarker testing at its helm, heralds a shift from generic to personalized healthcare. Central to this transformation is the evolving role of diagnostic labs from traditional hematology to a dynamic, integrative practice known as precision oncology. Both Diagnostics (Dx) and Therapeutics (Rx) industries are synergizing their expertise with molecular insights to drive personalized healthcare forward.

The fusion of Dx and Rx, akin to orchestral conductors, is now harmonizing molecular and clinical data to foster a more nuanced, patient-centric treatment strategy. They are delving deeper into molecular data, harnessing AI and big data, and engaging in translational research for biomarker discovery. Their collaborative role in therapeutic decision-making, alongside pathologists, epitomizes a multidisciplinary approach essential for timely and effective patient care. The bridging of Dx with Rx is not only contributing to the transformative narrative of precision medicine but is also guiding the healthcare community towards a more personalized, effective patient care paradigm.

Acknowledgments

We would like to extend our gratitude to the OncoDxRx team for their full support.

Funding

None.

Conflicts of Interest

The authors declare no conflicting interest.

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